

MEB'in Yeni Sınav Sistemine Göre Düzenlenmiştir

**MENTAL**

12. SINIF

**LYS 5**

**DENEME  
SINAVLARI**

**MENTAL**

**SINAVLARI  
DENEME**

12. SINIF

**MENTAL  
PRATICE TEST**

**1**

12. SINIF

**MENTAL  
PRATICE TEST**

**2**

12. SINIF

**MENTAL  
PRATICE TEST**

**3**

12. SINIF

**MENTAL  
PRATICE TEST**

**4**

**MENTAL**  
YAYIN-DAĞITIM



Bu testte 80 soru vardır.

1-12. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. North America has always been a land of ----. Millions of people from Europe and other parts of the World left their homelands with the hope of new opportunities in America.

A) members  
B) immigrants  
C) colleagues  
D) criminals  
E) scholars

2. The ability to solve problems and make decisions can be a huge asset to your employer, and these are therefore ---- skills to develop.

A) desirable  
B) detrimental  
C) fluent  
D) vast  
E) objective

3. Malnutrition is an unhealthy condition caused by a poor or ---- diet or by the body's inability to absorb or use nutrients.

A) indefinite  
B) unimportant  
C) unlike  
D) inappropriate  
E) illegal

4. As the students come from a(n) ---- of different backgrounds, there is a fight at school every day.

A) confession  
B) perception  
C) exposure  
D) variety  
E) inability

5. In the growing industrial cities, housing cannot ---- the migration of workers and their families from rural areas.

A) look down on  
B) take care of  
C) keep up with  
D) get rid of  
E) put up with

6. Most Ancient Egyptian pyramids ---- as tombs for pharaohs (rulers of Ancient Egypt) and their families. So far, over 130 pyramids ---- in Egypt

A) were built / have been discovered  
B) had been built / were discovered  
C) have been built / had been discovered  
D) were being built / will have been discovered  
E) are to be built / are discovered

7. In countries like Sweden, you ---- careful not to invade people's personal space during a conversation because when you ---- too close to them, they feel disturbed.

- A) should be / stand
- B) are to be / will standing
- C) may be / stood
- D) could have been / was standing
- E) might have been / has stood

8. It has been estimated that the present English vocabulary consists of more than 1 million words, ---- came into use after the middle of the 20th century.

- A) some of whom
- B) most of whose
- C) with which
- D) most of them
- E) many of which

9. He was just ---- calm ---- anybody who could be under these circumstances.

- A) not only / but also
- B) so / that
- C) much / than
- D) neither / nor
- E) as / as

10. There is ---- discussion going on about online and print dictionaries. However, whichever you prefer, ---- types are useful.

- A) many / each
- B) few / all
- C) enough / another
- D) a lot of / both
- E) little / some

11. Some parents complain that they are ---- busy ---- it is almost impossible for them to spend quality time with their children on weekdays.

- A) such / that
- B) so /that
- C) as / as
- D) neither /nor
- E) both / and

12. Most teachers clearly proposed ---- solutions to the on-going problems; however, Mrs. Perkins hasn't said a word about ---- yet.

- A) theirs / hers
- B) their / her
- C) their / hers
- D) them / it
- E) theirs / it

13-17. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

Perhaps more good swimmers have been drowned by cramp than by anything else, and only (13) ---- who have suffered from it can conceive its fatal power. Strong men and good swimmers, (14) ---- seized with the cramp, have been known to sink instantly, overcome with the sudden pain and nothing can save the victim (15) ---- the greatest presence of mind. There is only one method of proceeding under such circumstances. Turn on the back (16) ----, kick out the leg in the air, disregarding the pain, and rub the spot smartly with one hand, (17) ---- the other is employed in paddling towards shore.

13.

- A) those
- B) one
- C) these
- D) that
- E) the one

14.

- A) before
- B) as soon as
- C) when
- D) by the time
- E) afterwards

15.

- A) however
- B) but
- C) despite
- D) due to
- E) for

16.

- A) at last
- B) at large
- C) at ease
- D) at once
- E) at least

17.

- A) as soon as
- B) whereas
- C) before
- D) after
- E) while

18-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

18. Guessing the meaning of unknown vocabulary is an important skill for reading ----.

- A) as it helps students to understand texts better and to increase their reading speed.
- B) however, there will be words that you may not know
- C) but there are various contextual clues that can help you
- D) so dictionaries are usually costly
- E) in fact students rarely enjoy reading in English.

19. ----, modern conveniences, such as computers and mobile phones, have become essential in our lives.

- A) Regardless of the developments in technology
- B) With the advent modern farming
- C) Despite the increasing number of mobile phone users
- D) Due to their speed
- E) In order to avoid internet addiction

20. There were such a lot of people on the train ----.

- A) that the extra trains were not running on that special day
- B) that there was enough room for everybody to sit comfortably
- C) that half of the people queuing on the platform could not get on
- D) that nobody drove to work in their own cars that day
- E) that the commuters had better not drive alone in their cars instead prefer public transport

- 21. The job interview I had yesterday went very well, ----.**
- A) so I had resigned from my previous job  
B) but I'll know for sure if I will be accepted by the end of the month  
C) so that's why I need a new job now  
D) so that I could have got the job  
E) the best of which was the managing position
- 22. ----. For example, the typical American family today owns more goods than the one which existed fifty years ago.**
- A) People used to have closer family bonds.  
B) American goods are better in terms of quality.  
C) Modern-day families are buying more than ever before.  
D) In the past, people had better financial status.  
E) Family members should contribute to family budget.
- 23. ---- because he was unsure if she liked him.**
- A) Joe hardly recognized Katy  
B) Joe was hesitant about asking Katy for a date  
C) Katy and Joe had been friends since college  
D) Katy has been one of the close friends of Joe  
E) People say that Katy takes after his father, Joe
- 24. No sooner had the words been spoken than ----.**
- A) she had come in to hear what was being told about her  
B) nobody really heard the spokesperson  
C) they understand what has been going on  
D) he realized that he should have remained silent  
E) he had realized why had been angry with him

- 25. The company would not have received so many complaints ----.**
- A) had they provided the service offered in their advertising  
B) unless they have to employ extra staff to cope with the customers  
C) since senders were greatly unsatisfied with the extra payment  
D) as long as they had sold the faulty goods at a high price  
E) unless the entrepreneurs they have dealt with made the same mistakes over and over

**26-28. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Some students can create beautiful pieces of visual art. Others are gifted in sports. Some play a musical instrument so well that listening touches chords within. A few may thrill to the challenge of mathematical precision. Some may have a special understanding of the natural world. Others may love writing. Several may be natural leaders offering positive roles, models and trusted guidance to their classmates. And a few may possess personal insights about who they are and what they stand for, while pursuing important life goals. Among the students mentioned, who would be the most intelligent? The question is impossible to answer because each of the examples represents students who have developed different intelligences.

- 26. What can be inferred from the passage about students in general?**
- A) They are unique.  
B) They are all good at visual arts.  
C) They tend to help each other  
D) They know who they are.  
E) They can be models for their siblings.

27. The main purpose of this passage is to ----.

- A) criticize administrative staff at schools
- B) emphasize various intelligence types
- C) compare adults and students
- D) give examples of successful students
- E) explain how to communicate with students

28. According to the passage, ----.

- A) students imitate their parents
- B) friendship is vital for students
- C) students lack in life goals
- D) intelligence is an inherited feature
- E) there is no superior intelligence

29-31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Behaviourists have proven that all over the world, people show sadness in similar ways. The face 'falls': the mouth becomes downturned and the eyes begin to look glassy. The person will probably look down or away and seem unable to concentrate. There are also common factors when people are bored. They will look at other things in a distracted way – their watches, for example. Their feet will begin to move restlessly, indicating that they want to escape; they tap their fingers or scratch their heads. Anger can also be read quite easily: the facial muscles tense up, or become tight, often causing people to frown; the eyes stare, fixing themselves on the target of their anger; blood rushes to the face, causing it to become red. If the anger is great, the body will also tense up as if preparing itself for a physical fight.

29. It is stated in the passage that ----.

- A) People are interested in cross-cultural communication.
- B) Cultural differences can harm communication
- C) The quality of communication depends on mutual respect
- D) Our body gives signals of our mood
- E) It is essential to understand how people feel

30. According to the passage, anger ----.

- A) can be conveyed in various ways
- B) is not easy to detect
- C) makes people have a terrible headache
- D) can result from stress
- E) makes people tap their fingers

31. The underlined word 'indicating' in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) affecting
- B) understanding
- C) reacting
- D) believing
- E) showing

32-34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The N’kisi Project is a series of controlled experiments in interspecies communication and telepathy conducted by Aimee Morgana and her language-using parrot N’kisi. Based on a pre-specified list of key words, a selection of photographs depicting items from N’kisi’s unedited vocabulary was prepared, sealed in opaque envelopes, then randomized and numbered by an independent party. No one knew what image was in any of the envelopes, which is known as a “double blind” test. Aimee was in a separate and enclosed room on a different floor, with no possible line of sight for any “cueing.” In responding to the two-minute tests, N’kisi generally put target keywords and descriptions in related sentences, and he often described a detail at the exact moment that Aimee noticed it. The results suggested that N’kisi telepathically “surfs” the leading edge of Aimee’s consciousness, responding to the spontaneous moment of discovery rather than to any consciously projected thoughts. Aimee’s state of mind was critical, and if she intentionally tried to “send” the information, it wouldn’t work.

32. It is clear from the passage that the N’kisi Project ----.

- A) aims at establishing a telepathic bond among human beings
- B) is on the subject of possible mental exchange of information between humans and animals
- C) will contribute to vocabulary of human languages owing to new vocabulary acquired from animals
- D) measures the mind’s mechanisms which form relations between pictures and words
- E) is carried out by an independent party without the participation of Aimee Morgana and her parrot

33. We learn from the passage that the subjects used in the test ----.

- A) had no way of contacting each other because of their separate locations
- B) were blind-folded and could not see the pictures in the envelopes
- C) were blind but could still communicate through telepathy
- D) tried to establish a two-way communication between each other and succeeded
- E) were able to predict the pictures inside the envelopes with great accuracy

34. We can deduce that according to the study outlined in the passage, ----.

- A) all animals and human beings can communicate telepathically
- B) pictures and words have different meanings for not only different people but also for different species
- C) unconventional forms of communication between different species could be feasible
- D) parrots require edited vocabulary to communicate with humans
- E) the envelopes used in the experiment must have been prepared by Aimee Morgana

35-37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Archaeology is the study of the human past based on the material remains of human behavior. These remains come down to us in many forms. They survive as archaeological sites, ranging from the mighty pyramids of Giza built by ancient Egyptian pharaohs to insignificant scatters of stone tools and animal bones abandoned by very early humans in East Africa. Then there are caves and rock shelters adorned with ancient paintings and engravings, and human burials that can provide vital information, not only on biological makeup but also on ancient diet and disease and social rankings. Modern scientific archaeology has three primary objectives: to study the basic culture history of prehistoric times, to reconstruct ancient life ways, and to study the processes by which human cultures and societies changed over long periods of time. Archaeology is unique among all scientific disciplines in its ability to chronicle human biological and cultural change over long periods of time. The development of this sophisticated approach to the human past ranks as one of the major scientific achievements of this century. Archaeology, by its very nature, is concerned more with what is material and environmental. It is basically an anonymous science, dealing with generalities about human cultures derived from artifacts, buildings, and food remains rather than with the individuals who appear in many of the historians' archives.

35. As we learn from the passage, material remains of human behavior may be ----.

- A) varied in size and form
- B) best stored in urban areas
- C) searched solely by archeologists
- D) distinguished by special encryption techniques
- E) artificially recolored for protection

36. According to the passage, caves and rock shelters may shed light on ancient ----.

- A) communities and their scientific achievements
- B) sociology, medical science, arts, and meteorology
- C) racial differences, causes of wars, health, and migratory patterns
- D) human biology, health, dietary habits, and social life
- E) tribes and how they communicated with the rest of the world

37. As it is pointed out in the passage, what makes archeology distinctive from other fields of science is ----.

- A) its close link to medical sciences which have helped archeologists understand the ancient humans
- B) its methodology which allows archeologists to easily anticipate some important future developments
- C) its extraordinary accomplishments all of which have led to the most important discoveries of history
- D) its unique characteristic which allows it to remain anonymous when studying ancient remains
- E) its capability to record changes in human biology and culture in the course of time

38-40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Sometimes it is a money issue: too many credit cards to pay off or lack of scholarships or other college aid. Sometimes it is a child-care problem: the cost of care, the lack of reliable centers, or transportation to get the children there. Sometimes it is the demands of the hours spent at work, which leave little time for class. All of these reasons and more often stand in the way of women returning to college, yet many women are finding ways to achieve their goal of a higher education. Some of the monetary concerns are being addressed by financial-aid counselors who help these women find funding sources. In addition, many of the women are enrolling in community colleges, where the tuition is generally more affordable. Colleges are also helping by recognizing the need for on-site daycare centers and by using students from their education departments to help at the centers. Finally, employers are investing in having working women return to the classroom by providing time to attend class during the work day or by supplementing the cost of taking courses. With these resources, perhaps even more women will be able to return to school.

38. What can be inferred from the passage?

- A) There are ways for women to return to college to get a higher education.
- B) Child-care problem is the leading factor.
- C) Women are not as hardworking as men
- D) Few people are eager to help women
- E) Children want to spend more time with their mothers

39. According to the passage, women ---.

- A) will have serious problem at work place
- B) have to deal with various problems
- C) are not brave enough to face the risks
- D) have to pay a lot for courses
- E) do not need higher education

40. The underlined word 'goal' in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) target
- B) belief
- C) worry
- D) advice
- E) threat

41-45. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

41. Jane : I didn't know that we use only 10% of our brain.

Tom : ----

Jane : What do you mean?

Tom : Though we don't use all of it at the same time, even for a small action a large part of it is used.

- A) This is one of the common myths about the brain.
- B) I have always been engaged in the brain.
- C) Severe brain damage may lead to memory loss.
- D) There are various views about how we use our brain.
- E) Listening to classical music helps you remember better.

**42. Mr. Savour:**

– I understand you have an apartment for rent. I saw your ad in this morning's "Daily Telegraph."

**Landlord:**

– ----

**Mr. Savour:**

– I'm glad there is. We now have an apartment on the 5th floor of a walk-up. That's one of the reasons we want to move.

**Landlord:**

– You can come and see the flat in the afternoon if you like.

- A) I'm sorry, but a couple has just rented it.
- B) The apartment is a thousand dollars a month.
- C) It has three rooms. They are fairly good size and have windows overlooking the park.
- D) The apartment is on the 6th floor, with an elevator.
- E) However, we don't allow any pets. We don't allow any singing any loud playing of record, radios, or TV, either.

**43. Andy:**

– I knew you would change your mind in the last minute. You never liked going out with us.

**Pam:**

– ----

**Andy:**

– Oh, I'm sorry. I didn't know you started working.

**Pam:**

– That's all right. I should have told you about this earlier.

- A) Don't you think you are overreacting?
- B) My biggest priority is not work. You are not fair.
- C) I have been working on this experiment for years. I can't stop now!
- D) That's not true. I'd really want to go, but I have just received a call from work.
- E) I thought Tina would be coming as well. I can't come if she's not going.

**44. Julia :** Hey, did you see the news on TV last night? There was something about building a new, vertical city.

**Matt :** Yeah, I saw the interview. Really interesting. That's just what we need, isn't it?

**Julia :** ----

- A) My parents grew up in a small village and they had a happy childhood.
- B) The government spent a lot of money on the previous projects
- C) Most people think that we need to live closer to the countryside
- D) Exactly. I like the idea a lot. I would certainly help to solve the housing problem.
- E) The crime rate in cities is increasing day by day.

**45. Amy : ----**

**Lisa :** Greenpeace has been working hard to promote awareness of the dangers that threaten our planet.

**Amy :** Why do you think some people call them terrorists?

**Lisa :** Actually, I have no idea about that.

**Nick :** I definitely agree with you.

- A) What do you know about Greenpeace?
- B) Do Greenpeace accept donations from governments?
- C) Is Greenpeace an independent organization?
- D) How can media draw attention to environmental problems?
- E) How many countries support Greenpeace?

46-50. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

**46. The salary they proposed me is far more than I receive at my current occupation.**

- A) In the post they offered, I can't possibly earn as much as I can in my contemporary job.
- B) The position they offered me is not as better paid as the one I temporarily have.
- C) They offered me considerably more money than I am being paid at my present job.
- D) The pay they offered me is regrettably much lower than what I earn now.
- E) My recent job is significantly better-paid than the one they have recommended me in their firm.

**47. It is not him who should do the work as it is your responsibility.**

- A) Were he the one who was responsible, I'm sure he would do it on time.
- B) It is not understandable why he feels obliged to do your work.
- C) Since you are the one to do the work, he doesn't have to do it.
- D) It is surely your duty but it is necessary that he be not informed.
- E) He is not qualified enough to do the work and that's why you are in charge of it.

**48. I had no choice but wait.**

- A) I didn't have to wait.
- B) I would rather wait.
- C) I had to wait.
- D) Waiting was my mistake.
- E) I wish I hadn't waited.

**49. He lacks self-confidence, and this prevents him from being successful.**

- A) He must have been self-confident as he was a successful person.
- B) His success depends on his being a self-confident person.
- C) Not being self-confident enough makes more successful.
- D) If he were self-confident person, He would be more successful.
- E) Nothing effects his success more than his lack of self-confidence does.

**50. No period in history has had as many significant changes as the past century.**

- A) The past century has witnessed more significant changes than any other period in history.
- B) In the past there have been many significant changes in historical periods.
- C) The changes in history in the 20th century have never been as many as the other periods.
- D) The changes of the recent periods have been both significant and historical.
- E) The past century would have faced so many changes as the other historical periods.

51-55. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

**51.** You organize a trip to a mountain resort and all your friends but John confirmed that the place and time are convenient. John keeps urging that the trip be put off. You respond rather indifferently:

- A) Sorry, it is impossible to delay the trip as it wouldn't be suitable for anyone.
- B) I may think of a change in the plan only if you persuade the others.
- C) It's all the same to me whether you come or not.
- D) We won't be able to stick to the plan if you join us a week later.
- E) If only you could also come with us rather than stay here.

**52.** You are going to give a presentation. Though you are well-prepared, you fear that if someone asks you a question during the presentation, you might be distracted and get confused. You won't mind answering any questions provided your classmates ask them after the presentation, so before you start, you state your preference:

- A) I am sorry but I don't have enough time to answer your questions.
- B) Actually, it is the first time I have had a presentation.
- C) I can answer only a few of the questions.
- D) As I got confused due to your questions, I had a terrible performance.
- E) If you have any questions, please keep them to the end of my presentation.

**53.** Last week you were ill and you got a doctor's report from a clinic. Today, the department secretary says that you need to get it approved. You don't know where to do that, so you say: ----

- A) Can you tell me how I can get a medical report?
- B) How many days do I have to submit my medical report?
- C) Is it necessary to bring my medical report today?
- D) Where can I get a medical report?
- E) Where do they approve medical reports?

**54.** You run into a friend you have neglected for some time. You try to explain why you were not able to call him back. You say:

- A) It seems you haven't changed a bit. You are still expecting me to apologize.
- B) I have always missed you. But, it seems you don't care at all.
- C) I've been meaning to call you, but I have been really busy since I got this new job.
- D) Why have I not called you? I think you should have reminded me.
- E) I am really miserable in this town. I'm thinking of moving somewhere else.

**55.** You happen to hear one of your friends coughing and you are definitely sure that it is because of her addiction to smoking as she keeps smoking, ignoring her health. Since you feel that it is your duty to give her a warning, you ask implicitly:

- A) Don't you think that it's time you thought of your health?
- B) Will you please quit smoking from now on?
- C) Would you mind helping me carry these tobacco boxes?
- D) Are you aware of the fact that home product tobacco is more likely to be poisonous?
- E) How can you bear smoking so much?

56-60. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

**56.** Jazz has often been called the only art form to originate in the United States, but even this is not true. ---- In the 1700s, they were taken from their villages, brought to the faraway Americas in chains and sold as slaves to work on large plantations. In most places, these people were not allowed to speak to each other while working and in time, singing became the safest and the only way they could communicate. After a day's exhausting labor, these people would gather together and sing to overcome their sorrow and also to teach their children about their roots.

- A) Jazz is a kind of music that was sung or played by the African slaves on the plantations of America.
- B) Early jazz music was a soulful and heart-breaking composition with simple and repeated harmonies
- C) European influence and instruments like the clarinet and the saxophone changed the way jazz was being played.
- D) This new music style emphasized formal composition and was played on the piano.
- E) It was dynamic, vigorous, stirring and people were crazy about it.

**57.** ----. The more nicotine they have, the higher their tolerance becomes, and so they require higher doses to enjoy the same initial effects. As most of the nicotine in the body is removed during sleep, tolerance may have virtually disappeared first thing in the morning. That is why many smokers say their first cigarette of the day is the best, or strongest. As the day develops, nicotine has less of an effect on them because of tolerance build-up.

- A) Since smokers are constantly exposed to nicotine, they develop tolerance to it.
- B) The consumption of nicotine is also linked to raised alertness
- C) What makes smoking so desirable despite all the health risks?
- D) We now know that smoking is one of the leading causes of many diseases.
- E) These symptoms go away when they receive nicotine through smoking

**58.** The early history of Mesoamerican studies is characterized by a grave dispute over the origins of Mesoamerican civilization. ----. Proponents of the Atlantis hypothesis argued that survivors of that lost continent spread to Africa and to Central America, giving rise to advanced civilizations like Egypt and the Maya, while followers of Mu claimed that refugees from the lost Pacific continent ventured to China and Central America, creating advanced civilizations there.

- A) There are many mysteries throughout the world, such as Atlantis, Mu, ancient Egypt and the Maya, and they are still waiting to be solved
- B) These two continents suddenly disappeared but there are still traces of them scattered all around the world
- C) Owing to this fact, the ancient Egyptians and the Mayans, two remote civilizations, were able to develop similar structures like the pyramids
- D) Until recently, the history of Latin America was incomplete but a project carried out by some scholars brought together the missing parts
- E) In many ways, this dispute is an argument over the two lost continents, Atlantis and Mu, and where their survivors may have settled

59. Most of the trash and pollutants produced by human activities end up in the world's oceans. ---- Some pollutants (e.g., chemicals in smoke) first enter the atmosphere and later end up in the ocean. A lot of marine pollution comes from rivers and streams that empty into the oceans.

- A) Scientists try to understand the causes of air pollution as well
- B) Sometimes these materials are directly drained or dumped into the ocean, either on purpose or by accident
- C) Furthermore, oceanography has become increasingly popular in Europe
- D) Fertilizers and pesticides from farms threaten our rivers
- E) The two biggest and most serious causes of coastal pollution are sewage disposal and sedimentation from land-clearing and construction projects

60. The black box can be inserted or removed from an aircraft. In a passenger aircraft there are actually two black boxes ---- The flight-data recorder registers the aircraft's speed, direction, altitude and other important information throughout the flight. The cockpit-voice recorder has a small cassette tape in it. This tape runs continuously, like the one in an answering machine.

- A) None of them are separable.
- B) One contains the flight-data recorder and the other, the cockpit-voice recorder.
- C) However, in large passenger aircrafts there can be three of them
- D) These two boxes differ in size but their designs are very similar
- E) They are developed by an English engineer after WWI.

61-66. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

61. I don't mind working hard as long as I feel independent.

- A) Bağımsız olmadığım sürece çok çalışmayı düşünmem.
- B) Çok çalışmak için bağımsız olmak gerektiği görüşüdeyim.
- C) Bağımsız olduğum sürece çok çalışmayı sorun etmem.
- D) Çok çalışmanın sonucunda bağımsızlığı hedeflerim.
- E) Bağımsızlık iş hayatında olmazsa olmazıdır.

62. Blending East and West, Turkey is once again torn between its alliance with the U.S. and a tension increasing just outside its borders.

- A) Türkiye, Doğu ve Batı arasında yer alırken bir kez daha Amerika ile olan ittifakı ve sınırlarının hemen dışındaki giderek kötüleşmekte olan bir sorunla karşı karşıyadır.
- B) Doğu ve Batı'yı özümsemiş olan Türkiye, Birleşik Devletler'le olan birlikteliği ve sınırlarının dışında giderek yükselen bir çatışma ile zor duruma düşmüştür.
- C) Bir kez daha sınırlarının hemen ardındaki artan gerilim ve Birleşmiş Milletler'le olan ittifakı arasında bir Türkiye, Doğu ve Batı'yı bağdaştırmaktadır.
- D) Doğu ve Batı'yı birbiriyle kaynaştıran Türkiye, bir kez daha Birleşik Devletler ile olan ittifakı ve sınırlarının hemen dışında artan bir gerilim arasında kalmıştır.
- E) Doğu ve Batı'yı birleştirmesi nedeniyle Türkiye, bir defa daha Amerika Birleşik Devletleri'yle olan ittifakı ve sınırlarının hemen dışında kötüleşen bir sürtüşmeden zarar görmektedir.

**63. Although the frosts that have set in are not typical of this time of the year, Moscow hosted yesterday a winter seeing-off festival.**

- A) Moskova dün bir kışa veda partisi düzenlese de, meydana gelen donma olayları yılın bu zamanına özgü değildir.
- B) Moskova'da meydana gelen donma olayları yılın bu zamanına özgü değil, ancak yine de Moskova dün bir kışa veda partisi verdi.
- C) Yılın bu zamanına özgü olmayan donma olayları meydana gelse de, Moskova çünkü kışa veda partisine ev sahipliği yaptı.
- D) Dün meydana gelen donma olayları yılın bu zamanına özgü olmasa da, Moskova bir kışa veda partisine ev sahipliği yaptı.
- E) Meydana gelen donma olayları yılın bu zamanına özgü olmasa da, Moskova dün bir kışa veda partisi verdi.

**64. The police released him on condition that he return the following week.**

- A) Polis, gelecek hafta dönerse onu serbest bırakacaktı.
- B) Polis tarafından serbest bırakılması gelecek hafta dönmesine bağlıydı.
- C) Polis ertesi hafta dönmesi şartıyla onu serbest bıraktı.
- D) Serbest bırakılması ihtimali polisin kararına bağlıydı.
- E) Gelecek hafta dönse bile, polis tarafından serbest bırakılması mümkün değildi.

**65. Thanks to improving technology, farmers are using easier methods.**

- A) Gelişen teknoloji, çiftçilerin kolay metodlarla çalışmasını sağladı.
- B) Gelişmiş teknoloji sayesinde çiftçiler daha kolay metodlarla çalışıyorlar.
- C) Daha kolay metodların kullanılması ancak gelişen teknoloji ile mümkün olabilmiştir.
- D) Çiftçiler gelişen metodlar sayesinde teknolojiyi en iyi şekilde değerlendirmektedirler.
- E) Gelişmekte olan teknoloji, çiftçilerin işini kolaylaştırmıştır.

**66. Until recently, the first European to have sailed to the New World was believed to be Christopher Columbus, who was a famous Italian navigator.**

- A) Son zamanlara kadar, yeni dünyaya yelken açmış ilk Avrupalı'nın ünlü bir İtalyan denizci olan Kristof Kolomb olduğuna inanılıyordu.
- B) Son zamanlarda Kristof Kolomb'un yeni dünyaya ilk yelken açan ünlü bir italyan denizci olduğuna inanılmaktadır.
- C) Son zamanlarda yeni dünyaya yelken açan ünlü İtalyan denizcilerin yolunu açan ilk Avrupalı'nın Kristof Kolomb olduğuna inanılmaktadır.
- D) Son zamanlara kadar, Yeni Dünya'ya ilk ayak basan kişinin ünlü İtalyan denizci Kristof Kolomb olduğu inancı hakimdi.
- E) Son zamanlara kadar yeni dünyaya yelken açan ilk kişinin ünlü İtalyan denizci Kristof Kolomb olduğu inancı yaygındı.

**67-72. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.**

**67. Yeni'nin her zaman iyi olmadığı gerçeğini öncelikle, ülkeleri için sorumluluk taşıyan aydınların kabul etmesi gerekmektedir.**

- A) Firstly, those intellectuals who have to acknowledge the fact that new is not always good are responsible for their country.
- B) First, the intellectuals bearing responsibility for their country have to acknowledge the fact that new is not always good.
- C) Having the responsibility for their country, intellectuals should firstly approve of the idea that what is new is not always what is good.
- D) The very fact that new is not always good needs to be firstly accepted by the intellectuals, who carry the responsibility for their country.
- E) What the intellectuals who assume responsibility for their country first need to accept is the fact that new does not necessarily mean good.

68. Çince'nin öğrenilmesi en zor dil olduğu düşünülmektedir.

- A) People regard Chinese as one of the most difficult language in the world.
- B) Some languages are difficult to learn and Chinese is one of them.
- C) There are some languages like Chinese to be considered difficult to learn
- D) Chinese is considered to be the most difficult language to learn.
- E) Of all the languages, Chinese is probably the most difficult one.

69. Güven ve karşılıklı saygı her ilişki için çok önemlidir.

- A) Not only respect but also trusting each other can have effects on relationships.
- B) Respect is not the only factor that affects a relationship.
- C) It is almost impossible to have a good relationship when you feel insecure.
- D) Trust and mutual respect are essential to any relationship.
- E) Every relationship depends on either trust or mutual respect.

70. 1956, birliklerimizin önlerinde patlayan atom bombalarından radyasyona maruz kaldıkları yıldır.

- A) The first time our troops were exposed to radiation from atomic bombs that exploded before them was the year 1956.
- B) It was in 1956 that our troops were exposed to radiation from atomic bombs that exploded although they were warned before.
- C) The atomic bombs that exploded before our troops caused them to expose radiation in the year 1956.
- D) 1956 was the year when our troops were exposed to radiation from atomic bombs that exploded before them.
- E) The thing that caused our troops to be exposed to radiation, was the atomic bombs that exploded before them.

71. Bir kontrat onay formunda bölüm başkanının imzası birinci derecede zorunlu olarak gerekmektedir.

- A) For a contract approval form to be valid, the signature of the Department Head is an obligatory requirement.
- B) The signature of the Department Head is obligatory if you require a contract approval form.
- C) First of all it is obligatory that the contract approval form must be signed by the Department Head.
- D) Without the signature of the Department Head the required contract approval form will be invalid.
- E) In a contract approval form, the signature of the Department Head is required as a primary obligation.

72. Bahşiş kuralları genellikle ülkeye göre değişiklik göstermektedir.

- A) There are weird tipping rules in some countries.
- B) In some countries there are no rules for tipping.
- C) It is considered to be unnecessary to tip in some countries.
- D) Tipping rules usually depend on the country.
- E) Customers usually do not want to tip when they are not satisfied with the service.

73-77. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

73. (I) In the villages of the Aegean and Marmara Regions, rug weaving is a common cultural practice. (II) In these villages, women cut old clothes into strips and weave them into rugs. (III) Especially, people who didn't have enough money to buy rug use this method. (IV) This cultural practice can cause air pollution. (V) That's why it is still considered a symbol of poverty in villages.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

74. (I) Attached to the family room was the music room with its long walls and high ceilings. (II) Off the dining room, through heavy sliding doors, was the family room, with the house's only fireplace. (III) One wall was curved - from the outside this part of the house looked like a turret on the castle - giving the room strange acoustics. (IV) Our piano, out of tune and faded, sounded like an expensive grand piano in this room. (V) I loved to sit and make up songs for myself in this room which became a wonderland at Christmas time.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

75. (I) An ashram is a kind of commune, a community where people agree to live according to certain rules and principles. (II) In 1904, Gandhi set up an ashram in South Africa, the Phoenix Farm, where he trained his followers in the principles of satyagraha. (III) In India, his Satyagraha Ashram in Ahmedabad (founded in 1915) became an internationally famous place, attracting not only Indian but also British, American, European and Asian disciples. (IV) Everyone knew that Gandhi was not pleased with the progress of his followers. (V) In 1936, when the government forced him to close the first ashram, he opened the Sevagram Ashram, where he concentrated on education and civil rights for the Untouchables.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

76. (I) Neuroimaging tries to explain how the human brain operates during tasks similar to those performed in school, such as reading and arithmetic. (II) Networks of brain areas are connected to carry out most tasks of daily life. (III) With practice, the connectivity between brain areas is strengthened, and tasks can be carried out more efficiently. (IV) Much of the neuroimaging work so far deals with studies common to early education. (V) Interrupting networks by temporary or permanent lesions can lead to loss of particular functions.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) 'Happiness is the meaning and the purpose of life, the whole aim and end of human existence.' according to Aristo. (II) He suggests that the aim of our life is reaching happiness. (III) Therefore, D. Roosevelt says that happiness is not in the mere possession of money. (IV) To him, challenging and achieving something is the main reason for happiness. (V) On the other hand, success makes us happy.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78-80. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız ve bu soruların cevaplarını cevap kağıdınızdaki ilgili alana sola dayalı olarak yazıp kodlayınız.

Known as the "lord of the seas", Thalassomedon was a large sea monster with a very long neck. It also had a special means of catching fish: It carried stones in its stomach! These helped keep the largest part of its body and tail down in the dark water. Meanwhile, its long neck slowly rose up toward the fish. The fish didn't have a chance to get by from Thalassomedon. They didn't see the monster until it was too late!

78. Find the noun in the text which means "method".

79. The underlined pronoun "these" refers to ----.

80. Find the preposition in the text which is incorrectly used.

1-B	11-B	21-B	31-E	41-A	51-E	61-C	71-E
2-A	12-C	22-C	32-B	42-D	52-E	62-E	72-D
3-D	13-A	23-B	33-A	43-D	53-E	63-E	73-D
4-D	14-C	24-E	34-C	44-D	54-C	64-C	74-B
5-E	15-B	25-A	35-A	45-A	55-A	65-B	75-D
6-A	16-D	26-A	36-D	46-C	56-A	66-A	76-D
7-A	17-E	27-B	37-E	47-C	57-A	67-B	77-E
8-E	18-A	28-E	38-A	48-C	58-E	68-E	78-means
9-E	19-D	29-D	39-B	49-E	59-B	69-D	79-stones
10-D	20-C	30-A	40-A	50-A	60-B	70-D	80-by